100 GK Questions for Indian Competitive Exams

History

- 1. Who was the first woman President of the Indian National Congress? A) Sarojini Naidu B) Annie Besant C) Sucheta Kripalani D) Aruna Asaf Ali Correct Answer: B) Annie Besant
- 2. The Battle of Plassey was fought in the year: A) 1757 B) 1764 C) 1784 D) 1748 Correct Answer: A) 1757
- 3. **The Quit India Movement was launched in:** A) August 1942 B) January 1930 C) December 1941 D) April 1944 **Correct Answer:** A) August 1942
- 4. The Indus Valley Civilization flourished during: A) 1500-500 BCE B) 2500-1750 BCE C) 3300-1300 BCE D) 5000-3000 BCE Correct Answer: C) 3300-1300 BCE
- 5. Who was the last Mughal Emperor of India? A) Bahadur Shah Zafar B) Shah Alam II C) Akbar Shah II D) Aurangzeb Correct Answer: A) Bahadur Shah Zafar
- 6. Who was the Governor-General of India during the Sepoy Mutiny of 1857? A) Lord Curzon B) Lord Canning C) Lord Dalhousie D) Lord Bentinck Correct Answer: B) Lord Canning
- 7. The Jallianwala Bagh Massacre took place on: A) April 13, 1919 B) March 10, 1919 C) January 26, 1919 D) December 25, 1919 Correct Answer: A) April 13, 1919
- 8. Who among the following was NOT a member of the Cabinet Mission Plan (1946)? A) Sir Stafford Cripps B) Lord Pethick Lawrence C) A.V. Alexander D) Lord Mountbatten Correct Answer: D) Lord Mountbatten
- 9. The Rowlatt Act was passed in the year: A) 1915 B) 1917 C) 1919 D) 1925 Correct Answer: C) 1919
- 10. The famous 'Dandi March' was associated with: A) Non-Cooperation Movement B) Civil Disobedience Movement C) Khilafat Movement D) Quit India Movement Correct Answer: B) Civil Disobedience Movement

Geography

- 11. **Which is the largest state in India by area?** A) Maharashtra B) Madhya Pradesh C) Uttar Pradesh D) Rajasthan **Correct Answer: D) Rajasthan**
- 12. **The Tropic of Cancer passes through which of these Indian states?** A) Kerala B) Tamil Nadu C) Gujarat D) Assam **Correct Answer: C) Gujarat**
- 13. Which river is known as 'Dakshin Ganga'? A) Krishna B) Godavari C) Kaveri D) Narmada Correct Answer: B) Godavari
- 14. Which Indian state shares borders with the maximum number of other states? A) Madhya Pradesh B) Uttar Pradesh C) Assam D) Bihar Correct Answer: B) Uttar Pradesh

- 15. **The Cardamom Hills are located in which state?** A) Tamil Nadu B) Karnataka C) Kerala D) Andhra Pradesh **Correct Answer: C) Kerala**
- 16. Which is the highest waterfall in India? A) Jog Falls B) Dudhsagar Falls C) Kunchikal Falls D) Nohkalikai Falls Correct Answer: C) Kunchikal Falls
- 17. **The Siachen Glacier is located in:** A) Himachal Pradesh B) Jammu and Kashmir C) Uttarakhand D) Ladakh **Correct Answer:** D) Ladakh
- 18. Which is the easternmost state of India? A) Assam B) Nagaland C) Manipur D) Arunachal Pradesh Correct Answer: D) Arunachal Pradesh
- 19. **The largest freshwater lake in India is:** A) Dal Lake B) Wular Lake C) Chilika Lake D) Pulicat Lake **Correct Answer:** B) Wular Lake
- 20. Which Indian city is known as the 'Silicon Valley of India'? A) Hyderabad B) Pune C) Bengaluru D) Gurgaon Correct Answer: C) Bengaluru

Polity and Constitution

- 21. Who is known as the 'Father of the Indian Constitution'? A) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar B) Jawaharlal Nehru C) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel D) Rajendra Prasad Correct Answer: A) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar
- 22. **The Constitution of India came into effect on:** A) August 15, 1947 B) January 26, 1950 C) November 26, 1949 D) January 30, 1948 **Correct Answer: B) January 26, 1950**
- 23. Which article of the Indian Constitution abolishes untouchability? A) Article 14 B) Article 15 C) Article 17 D) Article 21 Correct Answer: C) Article 17
- 24. **The Preamble of the Indian Constitution was adopted from:** A) Constitution of USA B) Constitution of Ireland C) Constitution of Canada D) Constitution of Australia **Correct Answer: B) Constitution of Ireland**
- 25. The concept of Fundamental Duties in the Indian Constitution was borrowed from: A) USA B) UK C) USSR D) France Correct Answer: C) USSR
- 26. Which Schedule of the Indian Constitution deals with the distribution of powers between the Union and the States? A) Fifth Schedule B) Sixth Schedule C) Seventh Schedule D) Ninth Schedule Correct Answer: C) Seventh Schedule
- 27. **Right to Education falls under which Article of the Indian Constitution?** A) Article 21 B) Article 21A C) Article 45 D) Article 51A **Correct Answer: B) Article 21A**
- 28. The Minimum age required to become the President of India is: A) 25 years B) 30 years C) 35 years D) 40 years Correct Answer: C) 35 years
- 29. Which amendment to the Indian Constitution reduced the voting age from 21 to 18 years? A)
 44th Amendment B) 61st Amendment C) 73rd Amendment D) 86th Amendment Correct Answer: B)
 61st Amendment
- 30. The maximum strength of Lok Sabha as stipulated in the Constitution is: A) 545 B) 550 C) 552 D) 560 Correct Answer: C) 552

Economy

- 31. Who is known as the 'Father of Indian Economic Reforms'? A) Dr. Manmohan Singh B) P.V. Narasimha Rao C) Atal Bihari Vajpayee D) P. Chidambaram Correct Answer: A) Dr. Manmohan Singh
- 32. **The Planning Commission of India was replaced by:** A) Finance Commission B) NITI Aayog C) Economic Advisory Council D) Ministry of Planning **Correct Answer:** B) NITI Aayog
- 33. Which of the following is NOT a Direct Tax? A) Income Tax B) Corporate Tax C) Goods and Services Tax D) Wealth Tax Correct Answer: C) Goods and Services Tax
- 34. The first Five Year Plan in India was launched in: A) 1947 B) 1950 C) 1951 D) 1956 Correct Answer: C) 1951
- 35. NABARD was established in the year: A) 1975 B) 1982 C) 1991 D) 2000 Correct Answer: B) 1982
- 36. The headquarters of Reserve Bank of India is located in: A) New Delhi B) Mumbai C) Kolkata D) Chennai Correct Answer: B) Mumbai
- 37. Which bank is known as the 'Banker's Bank' in India? A) State Bank of India B) ICICI Bank C) Reserve Bank of India D) Punjab National Bank Correct Answer: C) Reserve Bank of India
- 38. The Goods and Services Tax (GST) was implemented in India on: A) April 1, 2017 B) July 1, 2017 C) January 1, 2018 D) April 1, 2018 Correct Answer: B) July 1, 2017
- 39. Who was the first woman to head the State Bank of India? A) Chanda Kochhar B) Arundhati Bhattacharya C) Shikha Sharma D) Usha Thorat Correct Answer: B) Arundhati Bhattacharya
- 40. Which committee recommended the establishment of Regional Rural Banks in India? A)

 Narsimham Committee B) Kelkar Committee C) Nachiket Mor Committee D) Rangarajan Committee

 Correct Answer: D) Rangarajan Committee

Science and Technology

- 41. Who is known as the 'Missile Man of India'? A) C.V. Raman B) Homi J. Bhabha C) A.P.J. Abdul Kalam D) Vikram Sarabhai Correct Answer: C) A.P.J. Abdul Kalam
- 42. Which of the following is India's first indigenous aircraft carrier? A) INS Vikrant B) INS Viraat C) INS Vikramaditya D) INS Vishal Correct Answer: A) INS Vikrant
- 43. ISRO was established in: A) 1962 B) 1969 C) 1972 D) 1975 Correct Answer: B) 1969
- 44. **Who is known as the 'Father of the Indian Space Program'?** A) A.P.J. Abdul Kalam B) Vikram Sarabhai C) Satish Dhawan D) K. Sivan **Correct Answer: B) Vikram Sarabhai**
- 45. **Which was India's first nuclear test codenamed?** A) Shakti B) Pokhran C) Smiling Buddha D) Operation Vijay **Correct Answer: C) Smiling Buddha**
- 46. **The first Indian in space was:** A) Kalpana Chawla B) Rakesh Sharma C) Sunita Williams D) Ravish Malhotra **Correct Answer:** B) Rakesh Sharma

- 47. Which Indian satellite is dedicated to agriculture monitoring? A) RISAT B) CARTOSAT C) INSAT D) EDUSAT Correct Answer: A) RISAT
- 48. India's Mars Orbiter Mission (Mangalyaan) was launched in the year: A) 2011 B) 2013 C) 2014 D) 2016 Correct Answer: B) 2013
- 49. Which of the following is NOT developed by DRDO? A) Prithvi Missile B) BrahMos Missile C) Agni Missile D) Chandrayaan Correct Answer: D) Chandrayaan
- 50. Which Indian scientist won the Nobel Prize in Physics? A) C.V. Raman B) Har Gobind Khorana C) Venkatraman Ramakrishnan D) Subrahmanyan Chandrasekhar Correct Answer: A) C.V. Raman

Sports

- 51. Who is the first Indian to win an individual gold medal at the Olympics? A) P.V. Sindhu B)
 Abhinav Bindra C) Sushil Kumar D) Neeraj Chopra Correct Answer: B) Abhinav Bindra
- 52. The first Cricket World Cup was held in: A) 1975 B) 1979 C) 1983 D) 1987 Correct Answer: A) 1975
- 53. Who is the first Indian woman to win an Olympic medal? A) P.T. Usha B) Karnam Malleswari C) Mary Kom D) Saina Nehwal Correct Answer: B) Karnam Malleswari
- 54. **The National Game of India is:** A) Cricket B) Hockey C) Football D) Kabaddi **Correct Answer: B) Hockey**
- 55. **The Rajiv Gandhi Khel Ratna Award was renamed as:** A) Major Dhyan Chand Khel Ratna Award B) Atal Bihari Vajpayee Khel Ratna Award C) APJ Abdul Kalam Sports Award D) Sardar Patel Sports Excellence Award **Correct Answer:** A) Major Dhyan Chand Khel Ratna Award
- 56. Which Indian cricketer has the highest individual score in Test cricket? A) Sachin Tendulkar B) Virender Sehwag C) Rahul Dravid D) Virat Kohli Correct Answer: B) Virender Sehwag
- 57. The first Commonwealth Games held in India was in: A) 1982 B) 2002 C) 2010 D) 2018 Correct Answer: C) 2010
- 58. Who is the first Indian to win the World Chess Championship? A) Viswanathan Anand B) Pentala Harikrishna C) Koneru Humpy D) R. Praggnanandhaa Correct Answer: A) Viswanathan Anand
- 59. Which state in India hosts the Durand Cup (Football)? A) Kerala B) West Bengal C) Punjab D) Maharashtra Correct Answer: B) West Bengal
- 60. The first Indian woman to win a medal at the Paralympics is: A) Deepa Malik B) Avani Lekhara C) Bhavina Patel D) Sakshi Malik Correct Answer: A) Deepa Malik

Culture and Heritage

- 61. Which classical dance form originated in Tamil Nadu? A) Kathakali B) Bharatanatyam C) Odissi D) Kuchipudi Correct Answer: B) Bharatanatyam
- 62. **The Ajanta Caves are located in which state?** A) Maharashtra B) Madhya Pradesh C) Gujarat D) Karnataka **Correct Answer: A) Maharashtra**

- 63. **Who composed the National Anthem of India?** A) Rabindranath Tagore B) Bankim Chandra Chattopadhyay C) Muhammad Iqbal D) Sarojini Naidu **Correct Answer: A) Rabindranath Tagore**
- 64. **The Kumbh Mela is celebrated at all of the following places EXCEPT:** A) Haridwar B) Nashik C) Varanasi D) Ujjain **Correct Answer: C) Varanasi**
- 65. **The Konark Sun Temple is located in:** A) Karnataka B) Odisha C) Gujarat D) Tamil Nadu **Correct Answer:** B) Odisha
- 66. Who wrote 'Raghuvamsha'? A) Kalidasa B) Tulsidas C) Banabhatta D) Bhasa Correct Answer: A) Kalidasa
- 67. **The famous Khajuraho temples were built by which dynasty?** A) Chola B) Chandela C) Chalukya D) Pallava **Correct Answer: B) Chandela**
- 68. The UNESCO World Heritage Site 'Mahabodhi Temple' is located in: A) Varanasi, Uttar Pradesh B) Bodh Gaya, Bihar C) Sanchi, Madhya Pradesh D) Nalanda, Bihar Correct Answer: B) Bodh Gaya, Bihar
- 69. **Who is the author of 'The God of Small Things'?** A) Vikram Seth B) Arundhati Roy C) Amitav Ghosh D) Jhumpa Lahiri **Correct Answer: B) Arundhati Roy**
- 70. Which Mughal Emperor is associated with the construction of the Taj Mahal? A) Akbar B) Jahangir C) Shah Jahan D) Aurangzeb Correct Answer: C) Shah Jahan

Awards and Honors

- 71. In which year was the Bharat Ratna award instituted? A) 1947 B) 1950 C) 1954 D) 1962 Correct Answer: C) 1954
- 72. **Who was the first recipient of the Bharat Ratna award?** A) Dr. Rajendra Prasad B) C. Rajagopalachari C) Dr. S. Radhakrishnan D) Dr. C.V. Raman **Correct Answer: B) C. Rajagopalachari**
- 73. **The Jnanpith Award is given in the field of:** A) Science B) Literature C) Sports D) Music **Correct Answer:** B) Literature
- 74. **Who is the first Indian to win the Nobel Prize?** A) Rabindranath Tagore B) C.V. Raman C) Mother Teresa D) Amartya Sen **Correct Answer: A) Rabindranath Tagore**
- 75. **The Ramon Magsaysay Award is often described as Asia's:** A) Nobel Prize B) Oscar C) Booker Prize D) Grammy **Correct Answer:** A) **Nobel Prize**
- 76. Who was the first Indian to receive the Oscar Award? A) Satyajit Ray B) A.R. Rahman C) Bhanu Athaiya D) Resul Pookutty Correct Answer: C) Bhanu Athaiya
- 77. **The highest civilian award in India is:** A) Padma Shri B) Padma Bhushan C) Padma Vibhushan D) Bharat Ratna **Correct Answer:** D) Bharat Ratna
- 78. **The Arjuna Award is given in the field of:** A) Literature B) Sports C) Science D) Acting **Correct Answer:** B) Sports
- 79. Which award is given for excellence in the field of classical music and dance in India? A)
 Saraswati Samman B) Sangeet Natak Akademi Award C) Vyas Samman D) Kalinga Prize **Correct**

Answer: B) Sangeet Natak Akademi Award

80. The Dadasaheb Phalke Award is the highest award in Indian cinema given by: A) Filmfare B) Government of India C) IIFA D) Screen Awards Correct Answer: B) Government of India

Environment and Biodiversity

- 81. Which of the following is India's first National Park? A) Corbett National Park B) Kaziranga National Park C) Bandipur National Park D) Ranthambore National Park Correct Answer: A) Corbett National Park
- 82. Which city is known as the 'Cleanest City of India' according to Swachh Survekshan 2023? A)
 Surat B) Indore C) Pune D) Ahmedabad Correct Answer: B) Indore
- 83. **The Sundarbans National Park is located in:** A) Odisha B) West Bengal C) Andhra Pradesh D) Gujarat **Correct Answer:** B) West Bengal
- 84. **The Silent Valley National Park is situated in which state?** A) Kerala B) Karnataka C) Tamil Nadu D) Andhra Pradesh **Correct Answer: A) Kerala**
- 85. Which of the following is India's national aquatic animal? A) Crocodile B) Gangetic Dolphin C)
 Olive Ridley Turtle D) Blue Whale Correct Answer: B) Gangetic Dolphin
- 86. Project Tiger was launched in India in: A) 1965 B) 1973 C) 1985 D) 1992 Correct Answer: B) 1973
- 87. Which of the following is India's first Biosphere Reserve? A) Nilgiri B) Gulf of Mannar C) Sundarbans D) Nanda Devi Correct Answer: A) Nilgiri
- 88. **The Great Indian Bustard is the state bird of:** A) Gujarat B) Rajasthan C) Madhya Pradesh D) Maharashtra **Correct Answer:** B) Rajasthan
- 89. Which of the following rivers does NOT originate in India? A) Brahmaputra B) Ganga C) Godavari D) Kaveri Correct Answer: A) Brahmaputra
- 90. **The Chipko Movement was primarily associated with:** A) Forest conservation B) Water conservation C) Wildlife protection D) Air pollution control **Correct Answer:** A) Forest conservation

Miscellaneous

- 91. **Who designed the National Flag of India?** A) Rabindranath Tagore B) Mahatma Gandhi C) Pingali Venkayya D) Jawaharlal Nehru **Correct Answer: C) Pingali Venkayya**
- 92. Which is the smallest Union Territory of India by area? A) Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu B) Puducherry C) Lakshadweep D) Chandigarh Correct Answer: C) Lakshadweep
- 93. **The first woman IAS officer of India was:** A) Kiran Bedi B) Anna Rajam Malhotra C) Aruna Asaf Ali D) Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit **Correct Answer:** B) **Anna Rajam Malhotra**
- 94. Who was the first Chief of Defence Staff (CDS) of India? A) General Bipin Rawat B) General Dalbir Singh Suhag C) Admiral Sunil Lanba D) Air Chief Marshal BS Dhanoa Correct Answer: A) General Bipin Rawat

- 95. Which state has the highest literacy rate in India according to Census 2011? A) Kerala B) Mizoram C) Goa D) Tripura Correct Answer: A) Kerala
- 96. The National Stock Exchange (NSE) was established in: A) 1984 B) 1992 C) 1994 D) 2000 Correct Answer: B) 1992
- 97. **India's first indigenously developed COVID-19 vaccine is:** A) Covaxin B) Covishield C) Sputnik V D) ZyCoV-D **Correct Answer:** A) Covaxin
- 98. **Who is known as the 'Grand Old Man of India'?** A) Bal Gangadhar Tilak B) Gopal Krishna Gokhale C) Dadabhai Naoroji D) Bipin Chandra Pal **Correct Answer: C) Dadabhai Naoroji**
- 99. The headquarters of the International Solar Alliance is located in: A) New Delhi B) Mumbai C) Gurugram D) Bengaluru Correct Answer: C) Gurugram
- 100. Who is the author of the book 'The Discovery of India'? A) Jawaharlal Nehru B) Mahatma Gandhi C) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel D) Dr. S. Radhakrishnan Correct Answer: A) Jawaharlal Nehru